# ORACLE®



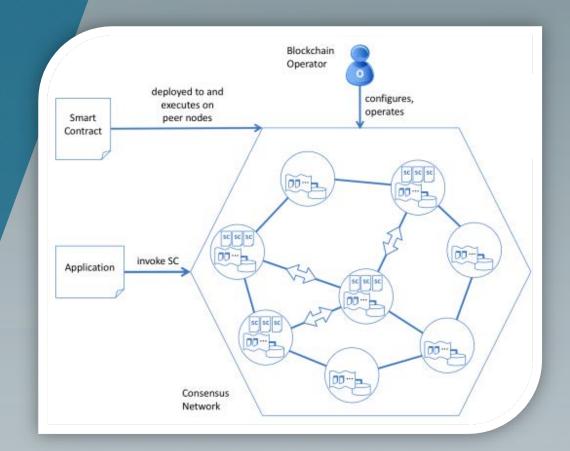
## Agenda

- 1 Introduction to Consortium Blockchains
- Forming a Blockchain Consortium
- 3 Administering a Consortium Blockchain
- 4 Summary
- 5 Q & A



#### What is a Blockchain

- System for maintaining distributed ledgers in a peer-to-peer network
- Allows multiple parties that may not fully trust one another to do business securely
- Reduces need for third-party intermediaries
- Near real-time and unalterable records replicated among all participants

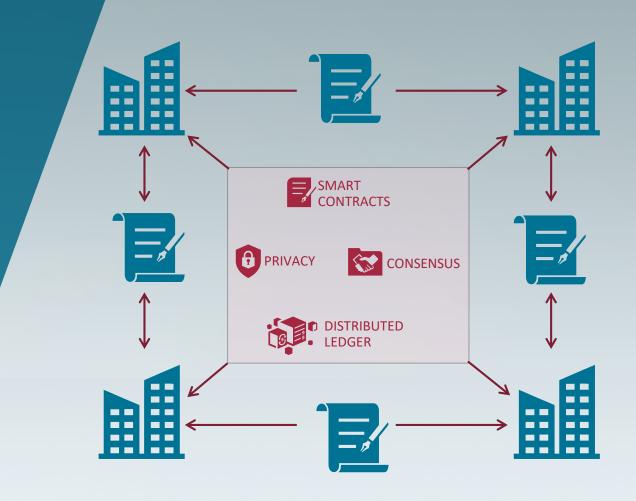




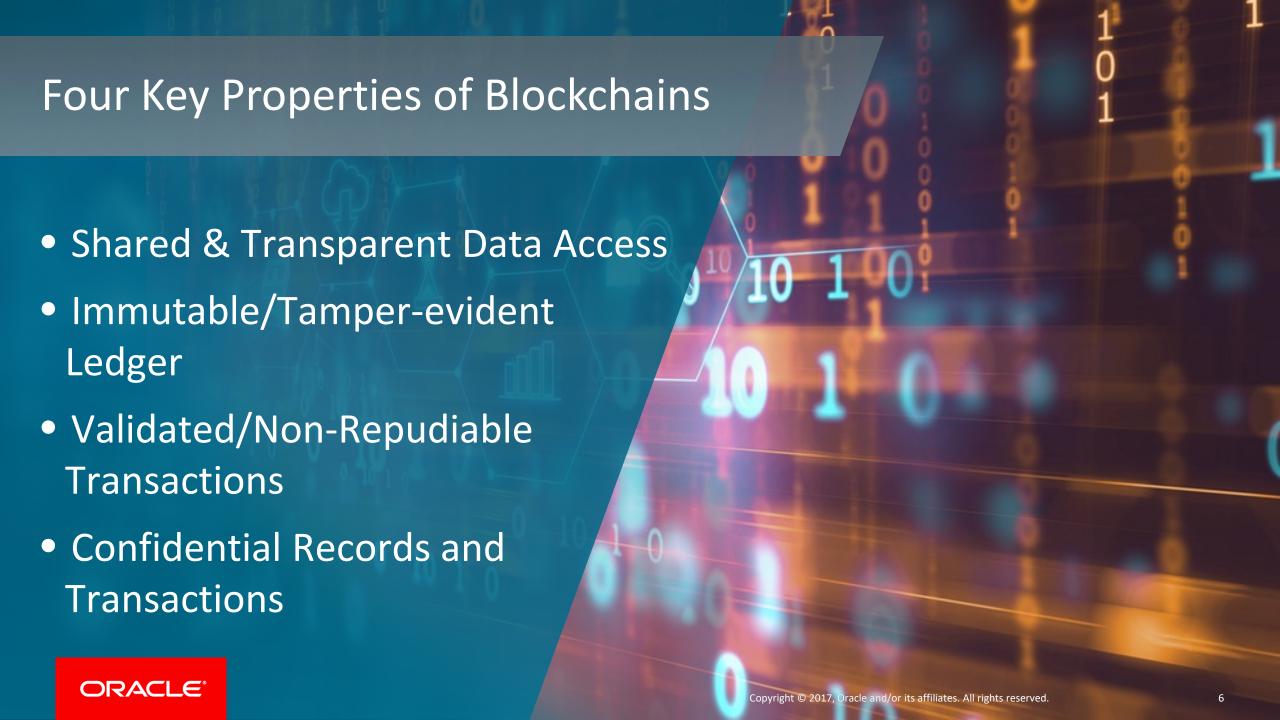
## How Does a Blockchain Work?

#### Improve the process

- Maintains distributed ledger of facts and history of the updates
- Changes to the ledger are made by smart contracts (business logic) when triggered by transactions from external applications
- Participants execute smart contracts on the validating nodes (peers) and follow consensus protocols to verify results
- When consensus is reached under network's policies, transactions and their results are grouped into blocks, which are appended to the ledger with cryptographically secured hashes for immutability







## Key Components of a Blockchain System

#### **Applications**

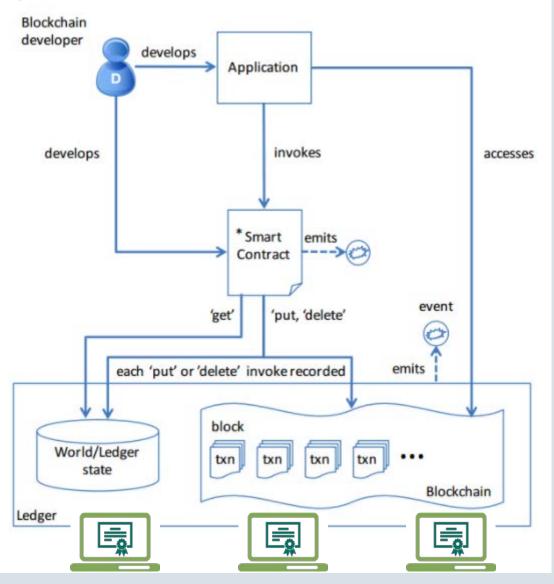
- Register users
- Invoke smart contracts to update or query data
- Consume events

#### **Smart Contracts**

- Business logic to update the ledger
- Query data
- Publish events

#### **Blockchain Infrastructure**

- Network of validating nodes
- Distributed Ledger
- Membership services (for permissioned)



## Types of Blockchains

 Permissionless – Anyone can join, i.e., validate and/or submit transactions aka Public – typically rely on mining to validate transactions

 Permissioned – Only duly authorized participants can join – aka Private – members are known

 Consortium – Type of permissioned blockchain – participants are invited to join – used to facilitate transactions between organizations



## Disruptive Characteristics/Benefits of Blockchain

Decentralized, peer-to-peer network –
 No central, controlling authority



Eliminating intermediaries means reduced transaction costs and near real-time transaction execution

• **Distributed ledger** - All participants maintain a copy of the ledger



Eliminates manual efforts and delays due to reconciliation needs since data consistency is a key attribute of the distributed ledger

• Immutable transaction history – Impossible to make changes to existing transactions in a blockchain without detection



Increased confidence in the information and reduced fraud opportunities

 Smart contracts — Business logic deployed on a blockchain and shared and validated by participants.



Automated business processes in a trusted way. Represent any asset digitally.

 Transparent — Transactions on a blockchain are visible to the authorized participants.



Increased auditability and trust, reduce cost of fraud and audits



#### What You Can Use Blockchain For?

Single source of Truth

Trusted transactions

Near-real time data sharing

Immutable ledger store

Enable distributed, autonomous marketplaces

Reduce friction in business transactions and reconciliations

Securely maintain and share decentralized records

Track the provenance of products and materials





## Forming a Blockchain Consortium

- Who: Typically existing business partners
- Often starts with a founding member
- Others invited to join
- Need to establish governance policies
- Need to select blockchain platform



## Governance Policies

- Membership policies
  - Membership requirements/responsibilities
  - Adding and removing members
- Consortium Management Policies
  - Governing board
  - Decision making policies
- Incentives, Costs, Fees



## Selecting a Platform

- Must support consortium style blockchain
- Must provide the necessary resilience
- Must support performance requirements
- Ideally support cloud and on-premise
- Must meet privacy and confidentiality requirements
- Recommend Hyperledger Fabric



## Oracle Autonomous Blockchain Cloud Service

Industrialized, hardened blockchain cloud platform for enterprise applications

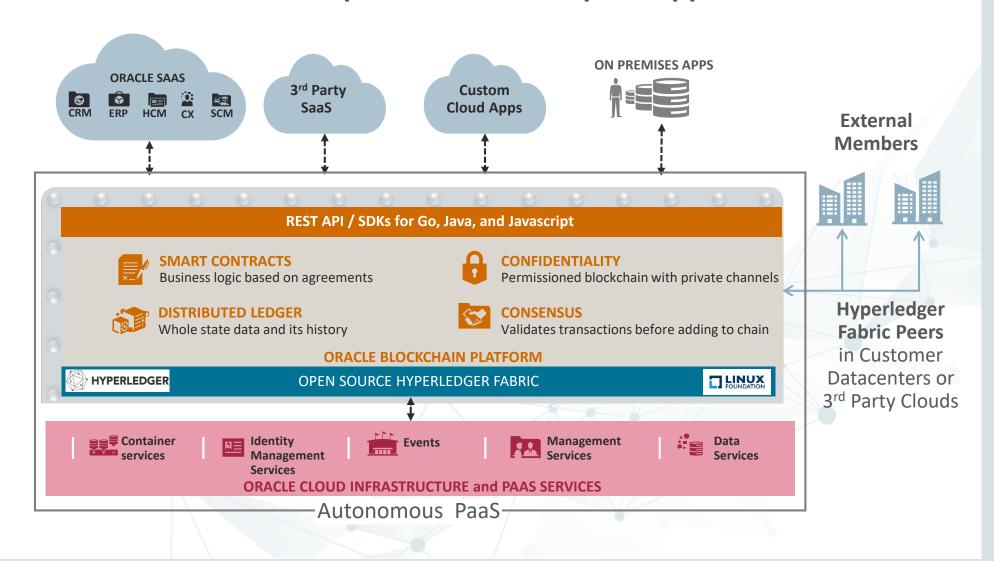
**Pre-Assembled** 

Open

Plug and Play Integrations

**Enterprise-Grade** 

**Autonomous** 





### OCI Compute: Broadest Set of Compute Options in Cloud

High **Performance** 

Consistency

Control

**Bare Metal** Compute







Your Hypervisor

**VM Compute** 







Hypervisor

**Container Service** 







**VM Migration** Services







**Engineered** Systems, Cloud@Customer



**Dedicated** Compute, SPARC





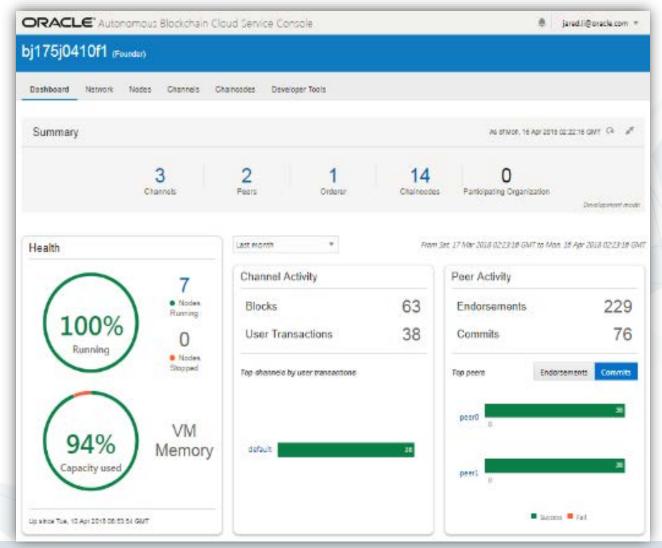
## Administering a Consortium Blockchain

- Local administration
  - Operation, administration, and management of your instance
    - Normal patching, upgrading, backing up, etc.
  - Adhere to the consortium governance policies
- Consortium Blockchain Administration
  - Typically agreed upon and coordinated out of band
  - Network configuration changes
  - Membership changes add/remove members
  - Ledger creation channels in Fabric
  - Smart contract creation and deployment



## Monitoring a Consortium Blockchain

- Monitoring required at multiple levels
  - Compute resources
    - CPU
    - Network
    - Disk
  - Blockchain activity
    - Transactions
    - Blocks
  - Ideally blockchain application
    - Response time
    - Errors
- Usually difficult to view all details due to decentralized nature
  - Can't see other orgs infrastructure



## **Oracle Strategy**

- Deliver Enterprise-Grade Blockchain Cloud Platform
- Help Customers In Many Industries Adopt
  Blockchain and Distributed Ledgers
- Enable Rapid Experimentation and Production-Readiness
- Simplify Integration to Accelerate Blockchain Use in SaaS and PaaS Applications
- Deliver Blockchain SaaS Apps for Common Use Cases
- Leverage Oracle IP and Open Source to Advance the Enterprise Blockchain Capabilities

## Key Oracle Focus Areas in Blockchain



#### **Enterprise-Ready**

- Highly secure, built-in privacy
- Scalable business networks
- Highly resilient, built-in backups and recoverability



#### Ease of Integration

- REST API for API-driven integration
- SDKs for Java, Node.js
- Plug-n-play integration from Oracle SaaS, PaaS, and on premises apps

#### Quick Time-to-Value



- Pre-assembled, managed PaaS
- Dynamic configurability and member on-boarding
- Start developing applications within minutes

#### **Extending Enterprise Boundary**



- Securely extend ERP/SCM/GL business processes in Oracle SaaS, on premises and non-Oracle systems to streamline data exchange and conduct trusted transactions with other organizations
- Enables trusted transactions between Corporates and Banks in Oracle's Digital Innovation Platform for Open Banking





# Integrated Cloud

Applications & Platform Services

# ORACLE®